rounded. The Superintendent of Marine at Calcutta has given notice that a light-ship has been stationed temporarily at the entrance of the Mutlah channel, in the Bay of Bengal, at about seven miles southeast of the Outer or Bulcherry reef buoy, from which a clear white light will be exhibited at an elevation of about thirty feet above the level of the sea, which should be visible from the deck of a ship in ordinary weather at a distance of seven miles. The vessel will carry a red flag at the main-mast head by day, and, if she continues in her position, will fire a rocket at 8 p. m., at midnight, and at 4 a. m., from the 15th of March to the 16th of October. For the present a pilot brig will show the light.

The Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice

that on and after the 1st day of April, 1857, a fixed white light will be exhibited from a light-tower recently built on Cape Oreposa, in the province of Castellan, Va-lencia. The light will be varied by a flash once every

Pre-emptions.—Application having been made to the General Land Office to enter certain town lots in Burlington, Iowa, by pre-emption, under the acts of Congress of 2d July, 1836, and 3d March, 1837, it has been decided that, as the functions of the board of commissions ap-pointed under the latter act to adjust such claims have ceased, no pre-emptions to any of the lots in question can be entertained without further legislation by Con-

Land Office Bonds Approved .- The bonds of Edmund M. Hastings as receiver and disbursing agent at Montgomery, Alabama, in the penalty of \$55,000, were yesterday ap-proved by the Acting Commissioner of the General Land

Appointment in the Patent Office. -Mr. Edward Shaw, sistant examiner of patents. Salary, \$1,600 a year.

General Denver, the popular Commissioner of Indian Affairs, may shortly be expected to arrive in this city.

NAVY DEPARTMENT. The Mississippi .- The United States steamer Mississipp arrived at Madeira on the 6th and left on the 10th of September. She found at that port the Germantown. The Plymouth was at Amsterdam on the 17th ult.

THE PAR OF EXCHANGE.

The principle on which American merchants and bankers calculate exchange on England is thus clearly set forth by a correspondent of the New York

"It may be well to explain that, when nothing is said the contrary, the quotations of sterling exchange are custom for bills at 60 days' sight; which, at the legal by custom for bills at 60 days' sight; which, at the legal rate of interest here, involves a loss of one per cent, besides the time of transmission. But, on the other hand, at the most favorable rate of shipping specie, one per cent is the cost, including insurance, of laying it down in Liverpool, the time lost in transmission being the same in either case. Thus, as one of these items balances the other, the true par of exchange is 9½ per cent. on England, at which rate generally it is as well to remit good 60-day bills as specie."

town thinks that we have been wrongly informed as to the facts concerning their suspension, and desires to make a correction. Our article of yesterday, so far as it related to the Bank of Commerce, was based upon information which we deemed correct. We certainly had no intention to do injustice to either banks or individuals. We, therefore, publish the communication of stockholder with a great deal of

pleasure : To the Editor of the Union :

Sin: Your well-established reputation for fair and correct dealing towards the moneyed concerns of this District induces me to appeal to your sense of justice to correct the observations which your article in the Union of to-day, on the banks of the District, contains, in referque to the Bank of Commerce of Georgetown. That bank has not inflicted upon the public or its customers any su, h loss as you allege. It has, on the contrary, redeemed n arrly all of its issue, and paid a large share of its deposites in specie, and its stockholders and officers have assured the public that no creditor shall lose one cent of what may be due to him.

The stockholders have large and ample means to meet more than five times in the liabilities of this bank. Their names have already been announced to the public, and your own advertising column's exhibit the fact that they have guarantied the payment of all the liabilities of the bank.

I will add, further, the Bank of Commerce would have I will add, further, the Bank of Coumerce would have continued to redeem its issue in specie had not the other banks of the District suspended specie payment, and it was deemed proper to suspend also, and hold them-selves ready to resume whenever the banks here or in

was deemed proper to suspend also, and some theselves ready to resume whenever the banks here or in Baltimore and Philadelphia resumed.

Credit is always, but especially at this time of pecuniary distress, of too inestimable value to be suffered to be dragged down by false clamor and misconception; and I am sure that your own sense of justice will hasten to repair the evil effect which you have, no doubt unintentionally, generated against that bank.

By consulting the business portion of the community, you will find that public confidence has not been shaken in its ability to pay; and that its course during the pres-

you will find that public confidence has not used in its ability to pay; and that its course during the present money crisis has indicated anything but bankruptcy or pecuniary destruction.

A STOCKHOLDER.

In Shelby, New York, Henry Possan, a man forty-five years of age, has been confined to his bed, and helpless, since he was nineteen—twenty-six years! His knees are dislocated by rheumatism, and so drawn under as to form a perfect S. The ancle joints are also dislocated and shockingly displaced. His feet are drawn round to one side, and the toes twisted into all shapes. Scarcely a limb, or a joint, or a member of the body is left undeformed? and, added to this, the poor man has been rendered perfectly blind by the same disease. He lies upon his back, his arms folded across his breast, and is only able to move his fingers. His pain is severe and almost constant. Yet, strange to say, the afflicted man retains the vigor of his intellect, is intelligent and well posted in the passing events of the day, and is resigned and cheerful. He has a patient sister who administers to his few wants, reads to him and cheers him on in his desolate journey of life.

IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE FROM INDIA. The following letter appears in the New York

Herald of yesterday morning : CALCUTTA, August 10, 1857.

Calcutta, August 10, 1857.

The overland mail for England closed on Saturday, the 8th inst. I write this to send by the after packet, which goes down the river this morning, and will overtake the mail steamer (the Bentinck) off Sangor island. We received very bad news from the interior on Saturday; but as the government has kept it back from the newspapers you will not probably hear of it in the ordinary course of intelligence until the next mail.

Lucknow, the capital city of Oude, has fallen; all the Europeans have been massacred by Nenaje Sahib; and the relief force under Gen. Havelock has been obliged to fall back upon Guespore, terribly decimated by the cholera. There is every reason to believe that this news, discouraging as it is, is true. It is not stated on what day the garrison of Lucknow surrendered, or was overcome by the rebels; but it must have been about the 1st of the present month. That city contains a population of about 300,000 Mohammedans, who probably fraternized with the besiegers, and rendered the destruction of the Europeans speedy and certain. We have intelligence this morning that Gen. Havelock, at Cawnpore on the 4th inst., had received a reinforcement and had moved on again towards Lucknow in pursuit of the rebel army. The rebellion and carnage are now getting nearer and nearer to Calcutta. Dinapore and Berhampore have mutinied, and a large number of the rebels are coming down the Ganges in boats. But the Dinapore rebels have been defeated, and five of the boats containing them have been sunk by our artiller, and five hundred of the rascals killed. Arrah has been relieved.

Last Wednesday a native was seized in Fort William,

en relieved. Last Wednesday a native was seized in Fort William

Last Wednesday a native was seized in Fort William, in the act of hauling down the English ensign, which always flies from the flag-staff, and hoisting a green flag—the Mohammedan ensign. The fellow was hung on Thursday. Two others, caught in some similar act of treason, were hung at the same time.

The volunteer force enlisted by the Governor-General for the protection of this city has been under arms and on picket duty for more than a week, every day and night. The company to which I belong, which comprises ten Americans and fifty-five Englishmen, were on duty from 6 o'clock on Friday night to 6 o'clock this morning, and we go on duty again to-morrow. So, you see, we have 6 o'clock on Friday night to 6 o'clock this morning, and we go on duty again to-morrow. So, you see, we have little time to attend to business. There are several American ships here now loading; but what are we to do in the fall for goods to fill the ships that are now on their way here? I can't say. For this rebellion will not be quelled speedily; and when it is quelled, and peace is restored, India will be thrown back in her commercial

restored, India will be thrown back in her commercial progress fifty years.

We are now living in a state of alarm and terror in this city which cannot be described. By night and day our arms are ready and our powder dry, and we wait with intense anxiety for the arrival of European troops from England. There are about 800 Americans residing in this city, and among them many women and children. For ourselves we feel no fear; we are prepared to meet any foe; but for the safety of our women and children we are anxious. We dare not trust them alone with their native servants, and we shall probably send some of them home by the ship Daniel Webster, which is now loading here for Boston.

them home by the ship Daniel Webster, which is now loading here for Boston.

Lord Elgin is here, and 2,000 troops from China are close at hand. The French government at Pondicherry have sent orders to Singapore to stop two regiments of French troops, now on their way to China, and send them up here for the service of the governor-general, who has asked for their assistance. Some of the Madras troops, just arrived, have been sent up to Raneegange, the terminus of the railway, to protect that station. The cavalry body-guard of the governor-general were disarmed on the minus of the railway, to protect that station. The cavalry body-guard of the governor-general were disarmed on the 5th inst.; and what precautionary measures will next be taken by Lord Canning—which ought to have been taken years ago—I cannot tell. The English here are astonishingly stupid. It is a wonder that the governor-general is alive to-day. What the mercantile community of Calcutta think of our government you may judge from their petition to Parliament, which I enclose herewith. This community, which represents all the wealth and all the intelligence of the city, has been considered by the East India Company as interlopers and adventures, fit only to be snubbed. They have appointed Mr. Mead, editor of the Friend of India, (which has been gagged by Lord Canning.) to take the petition to England, and support it by his personal exertions. Mr. Mead goes home in this steamer; and, as the Englishman newspaper says, "he is charged with the well-founded discontent of every British subject in India."

From the New York Herald of yesterday morning THE CAUSPS OF THE RESELLION IN INDIA.—ARBIVAL OF THE REV. DR. HAY.

We have had an interview with the Rev. L. G. Hay, who has lately returned to this country from India, where he has been residing for the last seven years as a missionary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions. Mr. Hay was long resident at Allahabad, one of the principal centres of the Bengal mutiny, and is the first person who has returned from the scene of disaster. The narrative of his escape from the massacre, and his views generally in regard to the mutiny, have been already published in our columns, from the London papers, in which city he received great consideration, and his opinions were eagerly sought for by the members of the government, in consequence of his high standing and long personal acquaintance with affairs of India.

We learn from him that the causes of the mutiny are more wide-reaching in the Bengal presidency than in eith-

We learn from him that the causes of the mutiny are more wide-reaching in the Bongal presidency than in eith-er of the other two—Bombay and Madras. The principal of these is to be found in the policy pursued by the gov-ernment in the construction of the army. While in Bom-bay and Madras the native forces are constituted of more heterogeneous materials, in Bengal caste has been recog-nized, and the entire force drawn from a homogeneous set of men, who have always looked upon themselves as a superior class, and who never have and never will work. To be soldiers, and as such superior to other men, is their social condition and pride. In thus attach-

mcn, is their social condition and pride. In thus attaching to itself the military caste, the government believed that it was securing the strength of the country, and that it could play off caste against caste with security.

It is this pampered pride that has now turned upon those who fostered it. Mussulman ambition has joined with the Brahminical teachers, and they have used every means to stimulate the pride of the Sepoys, and their hatred for anything that might tend to deprive them of their social superiority. So far as regards the great mass of the other inhabitants, Mr. Hay does not think they are deeply imbued with the spirit of disaffection. The administration of justice by the British officials has been equitable; and though some of the native officers of the administration of justice by the British officials has been equitable; and though some of the native officers of the government have abused their power, and ill-treated the native population subject to them, the mass of the people recognise in the British rule a far better administration than has ever been experienced under native government. They are, therefore, not deeply interested in the success of the mutineers, except so far as the excited fanaticism of some may lead them to participate in it.

Mr. Hay does not anticipate that the mutiny will embrace Central and Southern India to any considerable extent, for the reason above stated; and he thinks that Delhi cannot be retaken much before the close of the

extent, for the reason above stated; and he thinks that Delhi cannot be retaken much before the close of the year, if so soon. The reconquest of the northern presidency has to be effected, and it will probably be a slow operation; but of the ultimate success of the British troops there can be no doubt. The destruction of vested interests, however, will be great, and everything in the shape of enterprise must be commenced anew. As an instance, he states that the entire establishment of the mission at Allahabad has been destroyed and the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions has incurred a loss of fully two hundred thousand dollars. He will arrange soon to give public addresses on India, in the hope to bring back to the board from the contributions of those interested in the subject in this country some portion of the great loss it has sustained. His own personal losses have been so great as to deprive him of some portion of the great loss it has sustained. His own personal losses have been so great as to deprive him of all the means he possessed, and it was almost a miracle that he and his family escaped with their lives. It is his intention to proceed shortly to Washington to place the information in his possession before the government.

THE CHESS CONGRESS.—The American Chess Congress The Chess Congress.—The American Chess Congress met in New York on Tuesday, embracing many of the most prominent chess men in the country, and the congress and tournament will probably be not only a brilliant but most useful affair. Among the contestants for the palm of success in the tourney are Mr. Louis Faulson of Lows, the Hon. A. M. Meek of Alabama, Paul Morphy of New Orleans, Hiram Kendicott of Illinois, W. S. Allubone of Minnesota, George Hammond of Boston, C. H. Stanley, C. D. Mead, W. A. J. Fuller, and James Thomson of New York, and other distinguished players. Besides these trials of strength and skill on the mimic field of battle, the congress will take up the revision of the chess code for the decision of all points of difference as to the game—a matter much desired by players.

The Nashville Union of last Sunday says: "A gentle-man writing us from Knoxville says that John Mitchell assaulted Mr. Fleming, the editor of the Knoxville Re-gister, a few days since, for an article that appeared in that paper reflecting upon the honor of Mr. Mitchell. No serious injury was inflicted."

THE TRIAL OF SPEED BETWEEN THE AGAMEM NON AND NIAGARA.

Plymouth, England, Sept. 22, 1857.

To the Eliter of the Washington Union: Having seen several erroneous accounts of the small trial of speed between this ship and her associates, the Agamemnon, line-of-battle-ship, and the United States frigate Susquehanna, (side-wheel steamer,) on their return to this port, I have sent the following as something

At eight o'clock in the morning the Susquehanna wa out of sight ahead, having pressed on during the night while we were laying to for the Agamemnon. This lat-ter vessel at the same hour was several miles on our weather bow, under steam, with her courses, topsails, and topgallant sails set. When the order was given to make the same sail on this ship and to increase the revomake the same sail on this ship and to increase the revo-lutions of her engines to forty per minute, we soon found we were overhauling and passing the Agamemnon, and at three o'clock, p. m., she was hull down astern, beating her best speed at least three miles per hour. It is well here to say that the Agamemnon is one of their fastest screw steamers; and a noble vessel she is. At ten o'clock made the Susquehanna ahead; at three, p. m., overhauled her and crossed her bows as easy as a dolphin would have done it—and that, too, while she was making over twelve miles per hour. Since then I have conversed with the officers of both of these ships, and they acknowledge they were doing their best; while the Nisgara had four of her fires shut off, besides dragging through the water an immense iron frame to protect the cable from coming in contact with the propeller. We are just find-ing out what this ship can do: under steam alone 13 knots; under steam and canvas, with a good topgallant breeze, 17 knots and over. And no finer sea boat ever

crossed the ocean.

We are now laying in one of the government basins at the Deronport navy-yard waiting the action of the Tele-graph Company to take the cable out of us, and to pass it through some preparation to preserve it from rust un-til it is reshipped in the spring. Whether this vessel will be engaged in this work next year again is not known; but I would suppose, after the alterations, &c., made and fitted in her for this important work, that the government would not recall her until the enterprise was accomplished, which I think can certainly be done next June All are well on board.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, October 6th, at Brooklyn, New York, by the Congress Jones, U. S. N., THOMAS BLAGDEN, of Washington, I. J., to LAURA, daughter of Gold S. Silliman, esq., of Brooklyn.

Regimental Headquarters Volunteers,

THE regiment will assemble for the annual parade officers of the regiment are required to be punctual in their at acc; and those having command of companies will give eacler of them the proper notice previous to that time, and hav in line precisely at that hour. By order of Colonel Hickey:

EBBITT HOUSE. J. H. FREEMAN.

F street, between 13th and 14th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS popular and fashionable hotel has been thoroughly repaired and furnished with new and superior furniture. It contains over one hundred rooms, and has all the requisites of a first-class house.

The proprietor has provided a coach, which will be at the railroad denot and steamboat landing at every arrival for the conveyance of

UTUMN AND WINTER CLOAKS.-Opened to

Also, a very large line of moment snaws samples for the pressus and approaching season.

A large line of mourning shawls, all sizes, of the very best grades. New supplies from the North and Fust duly.

One price only, marked in plain figures by one of the firm, and no deviation allowed therefrom.

Mourning goods only allowed out of the store on approbation. Goods will also be sent for the inery zelion of invalids; in all other cases purchasers must decide what they want. Goods will not be allowed out of the store on approbation, nor will they be exchanged or taken back. We are serious in this matter, for many and to us costly

casons.

Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all ases.

PERRY & RROTHER, "Central Stores," west building, opposite Centre Market.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS.—Four parlors, with bed-rooms adjoining, with gas, &c., on Pennsylvania avewith bed-rooms adjoining, with gas, &c., on Pennsylvania avenue, No. 225, opposite Willards' Hotel, between 14th and 15th streets. Also, a STORE at the same place.

Oct 9—3awSWFIm

PROF. DANIEL E. GROUX, a native of France, teacher of modern languages, especially French, Spanish, and German. Translations made with correctness and punctuality, at moderate prices.

Pennsylvania avenue, No. 225, south side, between 14th and 15th streets, opposite Willards' Hotel, Washington, D. C. Oct 9-3awSW&Fim

Cfty Steam Fire-wood Mill.

WE are now ready to deliver wood sawed and split at 20 per cent. less than the usual rates, and better

All orders for less than half a cord will be delivered in crates to any art of the house at no further expense to the purchaser Pine wood in orates 35 cents. Oak wood do 40 cents. In this part of our business we will open no accounts, as we will open no accounts, as we have

In this part of our pusiness we will open no account, one to the conclusion to make it exclusively a cash business.

Also, on hand hickory, oak, and pine wood, and coal of all kinds, hich will be disposed of on the usual accommodating terms. Now on the way...

One cargo white-ash broken coal for furnace.

One cargo white-ash egg coal for radiators.

Coal 2,240 lbs. to the ton.

All under cover. Orders promptly filled.

T. J. & W. M. GALT,

northwest corner of 12th and C streets

No. 547, one square south of Penn. aven

MABEL VAUGHAN.—A novel by the author of "The Lamp-lighter." Just received, and for sale by BLANCHARD & MOHUN, Oct 8 Corner 11th street and Penn avenue.

MILLINERY.

MRS. M. A. HILLS respectfully calls the attention of the ladies to her opening of FALL MILLINERY on Oct 6—3tif

BLANKETS, COMFORTS, SHEETINGS, &c.-

comforts, assorted.
cases cotton sheetings in all widths, of the best grades.
ases pillow-case cottons, from medium up to extra fine.
pieces select styles furniture chintzes for lounges, chairs, and

130 pieces select styles furniture changes of contents of preads.
75 pieces table dispers and damasks, from medium and narrow up o extra wide and fine; all stylish patterns.
Linen sheetings and pillow linens, of the proper qualities and widths, it our proverbially-low prices.
Towels, napkins, towellings, and Doylies in endless profusion of choice styles and prices.
Scotch diapers, all widths; in the lot many "double weight" of the "old-fashioued pattern."

bld-fashiored pattern."
With all other dry goods of the best class for family consumption,
New supplies from the North and East daily.
One price only, marked in plain figures by one of the firm, from inch no deviation is allowed.

We are not opening new bills.

The present is regarded a most opportune time for all persons indebted to us to pay all or part of their bills.

Strangers and residents cordully solicited to examine our stock, if but for their own gratification.

Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied en in all cases.

"ERRY & BEOTHER,

"Central Stores," west building,

Oct 6—10tdif "Opposite Centre Market.

Fall and Winter Millinery.

MISS E. E. McDONALD would respectfully in-pen on Thursday, October 8th, a neat assortment of fall and winter allinery, to which she invites the attention of her customers, and se public generally. Cards omitted for the present opening.

THICK FLANNELS,—10 pieces famous Western Virginia-made white twilled fiannel, for warm skirts and under Virginia-made and drawers

hirts and drawers

2 pieces extra wide and heavy thick Shaker finnnel for skirts

2 pieces extra wide and heavy Welch finnnel for skirts

40 pieces in a American and Welch finnnel of ordinary thickness all other kinds of finnnels, all at our usual rates.

One price only; no deviation permitted.

New supplies daily.

PERRY & DROTHER,

Oct 6-10tdir

PERRY & BROTHER,
"Central Stores," west building,
opposite Centre Market.

LOCAL NEWS

THE ALENANDRIA, LOUDOUN, AND HAMPSHIEE RAILBOAL Company. - We have received the fifth annual report of the board of directors of this railroad company. graduation and masonry of the first forty-one miles of road, extending from Alexandria to Clark's Gap, four niles west of Leesburg, are in such a state of forward that that portion may be ready for use during 1858. Arrangements have been made for two thousand tons of rails. A considerable part of the cross-ties have already been secured, and track-laying will probably be commenced this fall, and continued through the winter, to Dranesville, so as to have the road in use as far as the

ew village of Thornton early in the spring of 1858. The committee appointed to examine the work stat that the masonry, for the most part, seems to be of th best kind, and the material generally excellent.

The receipts of the company from the commer

of the work, and for the year ending September 18, 1857, are \$1,033,361 12; the expenditures for the same period \$1,033,361 12.

The president, near the close of his report, says: "Commencing with an original capital of \$100,000, has steadily increased to \$1,200,000, without any sul scription on the part of the city of Alexandria, which whave refrained from asking, because of the depressed stated in pressing on our road to its great ultimate object it is believed that she will extend to it the same aid as it is believed that she will extend to it the same and and favor which she has bestowed upon the other rallways leading to her. It is hoped that we will be able to pre-sent an application in such form, and in such a shape, as will render it acceptable to the tax-payers of the

NEW JEWELRY, WATCHES, ETC. - Messrs. M. W. Galt & brother, 324 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, have recently received a large stock of watches, jewelry, silverware, and all other articles to be procured in their line of business, for either use or orna-nent. Their new assortment has been selected with their usual discrimination, while valuables of their own manufacture are fit accompaniments to their brilliant display A more enterprising and worthy firm nowhere exists, the public are aware. It seems that they have an eye to the happiness of young married folks, as they themselves say in their advertisement that they have for sale such goods as are suitable for "wedding presents;" an important fact to the friends of matrimony.

THE REVISED CODE.—The Revised Code of the District of Columbia is now all in the hands of the printer, and it is expected that it will be out and ready for circula among the citizens in about three weeks, twenty-five hundred copies being ordered for that purpose. The book will be an ordinary-sized law book, of about six nundred pages. This Code is to be voted on by the people of the District before the meeting of Congress, and s the laws under which they are hereafter to live depend upon their action on this occasion, it is to be hoped that they will prepare themselves to vote intelligently.

Lisbon, Howard county, Maryland, on Tuesday last, Rev Andrew Carothers, of this city, presiding. Regular as-sessments were ordered to be paid to the synod of Virginia, and the stated clerk was directed to prepare the statistical report and forward it to the synod. The report of the committee on missions was adopted. Rev. Dr Carothers and Major B. L. Bogan, elder, were appointed a committee on pulpit supplies. The Presbytery will meet again in Poolesville Church on the last Tuesday in

A MEETING OF THE PRESIDENTS AND CASHIERS of the panks of the District of Columbia was held in this city yesterday afternoon. Resolutions were adopted, (in rela-tion to the present financial difficulties,) and these are to be laid before the board of directors of each bank for consideration. The officers first mentioned will hold an adjourned meeting next Thursday, with a view to definitive action in relation to the present monetary crisis. We were unable to learn what particular measures are pro-

Signon Burz has made Odd Fellows' Hall quite a fi vorite place of resort with our citizens. The large audience last night testified their appreciation of the Sig nor's inimitable performance by frequent interruptions of hearty applause. To-morrow an afternoon perfo will be given for the benefit of the little folks.

returned yesterday morning from their trip to Philadel-phia; and marched through the streets, displaying their beautiful engine, tastefully ornamented with wreaths of flowers, such as it appeared in the grand procession in

A Public Meeting will be held in Georgetown this eveing at Forrest Hall for the purpose of discussing the pro priety of making a subscription of \$200,000 to the stock of the Alexandria, Loudoun, and Hampshire railroad. It is proposed that this money shall be expended in constructing a branch to connect with that city.

forward quite briskly. The progress made has been so every day.

AN ACCIDENT happened to the schooner Mott Bedell or Wednesday night, while passing the Long Bridge, by which her jib-boom was sprung and most of her bow rig-

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, who was sentenced for riot at the June election at the last term of the criminal court, made his escape from the county jail on Tuesday last. CORPORATION APPOINTMENT. - The mayor has appointed

George Donelson, of the Second ward, member of the Auxiliary Guard, in place of Jeremiah Toumey. THE DISTRICT REGIMENT has been ordered out for parade

on Monday, the 19th inst., the anniversary of the battle of Yorktown.

FORREST HALL, Georgetown, will be offered at public sale on Saturday next.

SALE OF CORPORATION STOCK .- J. C. McGuire yesterday sold \$1,000 of corporation stock at \$1 02.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

SIGNOR BLITZ.

CROWDED HOUSES! UNPARALLELED SUCCESS es EVERY EVENING at % to 8 o'clock, and on WEDNES

DAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 314 o'clock; embracing THE LEARNED CANARY BIRDS, equism, Spirit Rapping, and Natural Magic

Water-color Drawings.

TAYLOR & MAURY beg to announce that, is accordance with the wishes of numerous persons interested it the fine arts, they intend raffling a portion of the exquisite water-cole drawings now in their possession.

Yahu Runjects:
Austey's Cove, near Torquay, Devonshire Coast, England.
An English Farm.
North Coast of Cornwall.

Bernanthed Stornwall.

Five Prizes : Sixty-three chances, at \$5 each. Chances to be paid for when taken.

The pictures on view at Taylor & Maury's bookstore, and Messra Galt & Brother's jewelry establishment.

The raffle to take place October Slat.

BLACK AND WHITE PLAID FLANNELS, and other black and white plaid fabrics for ladies' wear. dozen ladies' super. Paris kid gloves, all colors and sizes, u's best make," to our order.

PERRY & BROTHER,
"Central Stores," west builds
Opposite Centre

BY TELEGRAPH.

From New Orleans. New ORLEANS, Oct. 8.—Money to-day is very tight. First-class paper is worth 2½ per cent. a month, but there have yet been no failures in consequence. No movement is possible until sterling exchange can bring cash in New York. The banks are extending every facility in their power, and the cotton factors are all cheerful.

The Tennessee has arrived from New York, and is advertised to run to Vera Cruz.

Cotton is irregular and unquotable.

The Fiver .- Marine Disaster.

Nonrolk, Oct. 8.—The schooner Vapor, from Savan-nah, bound for New York, arrived here to-day. Five of the crew are sick with the fever. The schooner Jane, Ingraham, from Rockland, bound for City Point, was lost on the 4th on the Sand shoals.

Financial Meeting.

Philadelphia, Oct. 8.—A mass meeting of the business men of the city, relative to the financial difficulties is to be held this afternoon. A call, signed by the mosprominent business firms, has just been posted, and greater preparations are being made for a general expression of

Suspension in Alexandria

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 8.—The large banking house of Fowle, Snowden, & Co. suspended to-day.

The long-established mercantile house of Fowle & Co. are in no way connected with the firm of Fowle, Snowden, & Co., and are not affected by its suspension.

Seizure of the Books and Papers of a Railroad Company. New York, Oct. 8.—The sheriff this morning seizes the books and papers of the Milwaukie and Mississipp Railroad Company, at the instance of the president of the Milwaukie Bank.

Sr. Louis, Oct. 8.—Several violent shocks of an earth-quake were felt here at 4 o'clock this morning. They also were felt at Springfield and at Centralia, (III.) In the latter place chimneys were demolished.

New York, Oct. 8.—The firm of Messrs. Bowen, McNamee, & Co., one of the largest silk houses in the city, have failed, but their assets largely exceed their liabilities.

George Bliss & Co., dry-goods merchants, have failed.

Steamer Thomas Swan.

Nonrolk, Oct. 8.—The steamer Thomas Swan, fre Charleston for New York, put in here this morning for supply of coal.

The Ohio River. WHEELING, (Va.,) Oct. 8.-The river here to-day

Finances in New York.

New York, Oct. 8.—Money is scarce and is eagerly sought for at all sorts of rates. Stocks are very much depressed.

Bank Thrown Out. NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The Central Bank of Brooklyn was discredited here to-day. The day closed gloomily.

OFFICIAL. TREASURY DEPARTMENT NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of stocks of the Unite

ROTHER IS HEALEN GIVEN to the modern or stocks of the United states that this department will purchase such certificates as shall be received here, duly assigned to the United States, previous to the 1st lay of November next, at the rates heretofore offered and paid, viz: 10 per cent. premium on the loan of 1842; 16 per cent. premium on loans of 1847 and 1848; and

6 per cent. premium on Texas indemnity 5 per cent. stock, together ith the interest accrued in each case from 1st July.

Certificates of stock received here on or after the 1st day of Novemer, until further notice shall be given, will be purchased at the fol

wing rates, viz: 8 per cent. premium on the loan of 1842;

8 per cent. premium on the loan of 1842;
14 per cent. premium on the loans of 1847 and 1848; and
5 per cent. premium on Texas indemnity 5 per cent. stock, with the
accrued interest payable thereon, respectively.

Where certificates of stock inscribed and transferable on the books
of the treasury shall be received here, assigned to the United States,
between the 1st December, when the transfer books will be closed,
and the 1st January, when the half-yearly interest is payable, the accrued interest for the half-year must be expressly assigned to the
United States by the atockholder, as no interest for the current halfyear can be included in the settlement, but the same will be payable
by the Assistant Treasurer on the interest schedules as heretofore.

In all cases the purchase sums will be settled in favor of the lawful
holder of the stock, who shall assign it to the United States in the
mode prescribed by the regulations of assignments of stock; and renonce of the stock, who shall assign it to the United States in the mode prescribed by the regulations of assignments of stock; and remittance will be made of the amount by draft on the assistant treasurers at Boston, New York, or Philadelphia, at the option of the party in whose favor the settlement shall be made. One day's additional interest will be added from the day of receipt here for the draft to be

Sep 24-dtf NEW JEWELRY, WATCHES, &c., just open-ed.—In addition to our unusually large stock of elegant watches and jewelry recently selected, we open this day a very large saortment of fancy silver ware, &c., suitable for wedding and other ssortment of fancy silver ware, &c., suitable for weading and our presents.

We invite particular attention to our present stock, embracing as the same time our line.

our line.

M. W. GALT & BRO.,
324 Pennsylvania avenue,
between 9th and 10th streets

A UBER'S BRITISH POWER IN INDIA, 2 vols., Political and Military Events in India, by Major Hough, army, 2 vols., London.

Japon-Indo-Chine, par M. Dubois de Jancigny, 1 vol., Parls.

Martin's Estatistics of the British Colonies, 1 vol., 8vc., London

The Private Life of an Eastern King, by William Knighton,

The Kingdom and People of Siam, by Sir John Bowring, 2 vols. London.

Our Anglo-Indian Army, by Captain Rafter, 1 vol., London.
Memoir of the Bengal Artillery, by Captain Buckle, Bengal artillery, tol., 8vo., London.

Memoir and Correspondence of the Marquis Wellesley, successively.

Memoirs and Correspondence of the Marquis Wellesley, successively.

Military Operations at Cabili, agency of India, 3 vol., 8vo. London.

Williary Operations at Cabili, and the Retreat and Destruction of the Iritiah Army in 1842, by Lieut. Eyre, Bengal artillery, 1 vol.

FRANCE TAYLOR.

WILLARD'S HOTEL.—J. C. & H. A. Willard Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street, Washington, D. C. Jan 29—dift.

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer. By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

PRICK HOUSE AND LOT, at the corner of E and 6th streets, at auction.—On Tuesday, the 3d day of November, I shall sell in front of the premises, at 4 o'clock, p. m., that valuable property, situated at the southeast corner of 6th street west and E street north, having a front of 22 feet 2 inches on E and 75 feet on 6th street, containing 1,6623/g feet, being part of lot No. 9, in equare No. 459, with the improvement, which is a good two-story and attic brick house. This property is handsomely located in a neighborhood of the best society, and near Judiciary square, Patent and Post Offices, and but a short walk from the Capitol. Persons wishing to purchase a handsome side for a private residence, or make a good investment, will do well to attend the sale.

TEXES: One-fourth cash; balance in 6, 12, 18, and 24 months, the purchaser to give notes for the deferred payments, bearing interest from the day of sale. A deed given and a deed of trust taken. Title indisputable. All conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser.

A. GREEN, Oct 8—law3wkeeds

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION.—I have just received a fresh supply of the new and improved Rising Star cooking stoves. They are cast of the best Pennsylvania malicable iron, and made very heavy and strong to stand hard knocks and rough usage. For sale only at

c only at

C. WOODWARD'S,

Metropolitan Stove and Grate Worker,

Feun. avenue, between 10th and 11th sts.

Nos. 318 and 322.

A TTENTION, HOUSEKEEPERS!—I respectfully ELEVATED HOT-AIR COOKING RANGE, that heats the parlor above and chambers like the Parlor Compar For sale only at C. Woodward's Metropolitan Stove and Grate tory, Nos. 318 and 322 Pennsylvania avenue, between 10th and N. B.—Hot-air Furnaces of the latest improvement put up at the C. WOODWARD.

Oct 8—eo4w HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION !- Just received a new supply of the improved celebrated Suprise air-tight day a new supply of the improved celebrated Sunrise air-tight flat top cooking stores, four sizes. For sale only at C. Woodward's Metro-politan Stove and Grate Factory, Nos. 318 and 322 Pennsylvania ave-nue, between 10th and 11th streets.

C. WOODWARD.

Oct 8-eofw A TTENTION, HOUSEKEEPERS !—Late improve-ment.—Just out, and for sale only at C. Woodward's Metropol-lian stove and Grate Factory, the Parlor Companion Furnace, made heavy and strong of cast iron. The improvement is the letting in of the cold air through the bottom of the furnace, and throwing it against the hot fire-chamber and heating it, and throwing the hot-air from it

Proposals for Furnishing the Paper for the Pub-

Washington, October 1st, 1867.

N pursuance of the provisions of the "Act to provide for executing the public printing," &c., approved arguments, 1852, sealed proposals will be received at this office, in the Capitol, until the first Monday (7th day) of Docomber next, at twelve octock, m., for furnishing the paper that may be required for the public printing for the year ending on the 1st day of Docomber, 1858.

The subjoined list specifies, as nearly as can be accertained, the quantity, quality and description of each kind of paper that will be required:

Class I. 10,000 reams fine printing paper, uncalendered, to measure 24 by 8 inches, and to weigh forty-five pounds to the ream of 480 sheets. Class II.

4.000 reams the printing paper, calendered, to measure and to weigh fifty six pounds to the ream of 450 5,000 reams superfine sized and calendered printing paper, to mass sure 24 by 38 inches, and to weigh fifty-two pounds to the ream 4 480 sheets.

Class IV.

1,000 reams superfine sized and calendered map paper, of such sizes as may be required, corresponding in weight with paper meas-uring 19 by 24 inches, and weighing twenty pounds per ream of 480

200 reams superfine plate paper, (calendered or uncalendered, as may be required.) 19 by 24 inches, and of such weight per ream as may be required.

may be required.

The fibre of the paper of each of the above classes to be of lines and cotton, free from all adulteration with mineral or other substances, of a fair whiteness, and put up in quires of twenty-four sheets out, and in bundles of two reams each, each ream to contain 480 perfect aheets. Uniformity in color, thickness and weight will be required, and no bundle (exclusive of wrappers) varying over or under five per cent, from the standard weight will be received, and the gross weight will, in all cases, be required. Mixing of various thicknesses in the same bundle to make up the weight will be considered a violation of the contract.

No. 1—1,500 reams quarte post writing paper;
No. 2—2,000 reams flatcap writing paper;
No. 3— 500 reams demi writing paper;
No. 4—2,000 reams follo post writing paper;
No. 6— 500 reams medium writing paper;
No. 6— 500 reams medium writing paper;
No. 6— 50 reams upper-royal writing paper;
No. 8— 50 reams upper-la writing paper;
No. 8— 50 reams imperial writing paper;
No. 9— 100 reams colored medium (assorted.)

Class VIII No. 1—5,000 reams writing paper, 19 by 26 inches, to weigh twen ty-eight pounds per ream.

No. 2—1,500 reams writing paper, 10 by 26 inches, to weigh twen ty-three pounds per ream.

No. 3—3,100 reams writing paper, 18 by 25 inches, to weigh twen ty-sir pounds per ream.

No. 4—100 reams writing paper, 18 by 22 inches, to weigh twenty-four pounds per ream.

two pounds per ream.

No. 6—400 reams writing paper, 12 by 18 inches, to weigh twelve younds per ream.

All the papers designated in classes 7 and 8 are to be of the best materials, free from adulteration, and finished in the best manner. The papers in class 7 are to be white or blue, of the regular standard aizes of the respective kinds, and of such weights as may be required by this office; those in class 8 are to be white, and of the sizes and weight specified in the schedule.

The right is reserved of ordering a greater or less quantity of each and every kind contracted for, at such times and in such quantities as the public service may require.

Each class will be considered separately, and be subject to a separate contract; but bidders may offer for one or more of the classes in the same proposal; and the privilege is reserved of requiring a bidder who may have more than one class assigned him to take all such classes, or forfeit his right to any class.

Samples not less than one quire) of each kind of paper bid for, and out one sample of each kind, must accompany each bid; and, in classes 7 and 8, be numbered to correspond with the number of the paper proposed for in this schedule; and, in the first six classes, to accompany seads bid; and, in proposals and samples must be transmitted to this office free of post-age or other expense.

Each proposal must be signed by the individual or firm making it, and must specify the price per pound (and but one price for each) of every kind of paper contained in the class proposed for.

All the paper in the several classes must be delivered at such place or places as may be designated in Washington City, in good order, free of all and every extra charge or expense, and subject to the impection, count, weight and measurement of the Superintendent, and be in all respects satisfactory.

Blank forms for proposals will be furnished at this office to persons applying for them; and none will be taken into consideration unless substantially agreeding therewith.

Bonds, with

Each bidder is required to turnish with its proposals statustatory evidence of his ability to execute them; and proposals unaccompanied by such evidence will be rejected.

The proposals (which must be sent separate from the samples) will be opened in the manner required by law "on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in December" next, (8th.) at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the Superintendent.

Proposals will be addressed to the "Buperintendent of the Public Printing, Capitol of the United States, Washington," and endorsed "Proposals for Supplying Paper."

A. G. SEAMAN.

Oct 1—2awthec1 Superintendent of Public Printing Magnificent Grain and Stock Farm for Sale.

Magnificent Grain and Stock Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber having fixed his residence in Washington for a few years, wishes to sell his farm, stock, &c., ipon such terms, as cannot fall to be satisfactory to any one who is lesirous of farming and stock-raising. The farm which I will sell, sontains 880 acres of first quality land, lying in the county of Pike, state of Missouri, and a little over a mile from the town of Bowling Green, the county sead of Pike. There are about seven hundred acres of rich and gently rolling prairie, the balance in timber. Upwards of four hundred acres are in a fine state of cultivation; one hundred acres are in a fine state of cultivation; one hundred acres are in a fine state of cultivation; one hundred acres are in a fine state of cultivation; one hundred acres are in a fine state of cultivation; one hundred the best selected fruit, now bearing finely, and cucked by an Osage orange bedge. It is the best watered farm in the neighborhood. Besides never-failing ponds of stock water, there is a small creek running through the tract, affording an inexhamithle supply of water at all seasons of the year. The farm is twelve miles from the flourishing and rapidly-growing city of Louislana, our market town on the Mississippi river, with a plank road complete to Bowling Green, by which we can take a load of produce in wagons to Louislana, and return the same day.

The buildings are a cottage dwelling house in good repair, containing eight rooms; also kitchen, pantry, smoke-house, negro houses, stables, corn-cribs, ice-house, and other outhouses. Besides the stock water, there is a hever-failing spring within two hundred yards of the house, two cisterns, one of which is thirty feet deep, and ten feet in diameter, arched over at top with brick, and plastered inside with hydraelic cement, and otherwise finished in the completes manner. There is not a more healthful farm in the State of Missouri; nor is here, in general estimation, a more beautiful and valuable one—according to its size—in the c

rding to its suchilst engaged in my present enterprise, as all the Mashiotrov Unios, I cannot conveniently manage and carry is
the Mashiotrov Unios, I cannot conveniently manage and carry is
to proper advantage.

The terms will be made very accommodating. By paying one-third
the nurchaser can have four years to pay the balance in, by
the nurchaser can have four years to pay the balance in, by

manuer.

Any inquiry addressed to the subscriber, Washington city, or to my ion Blackford Harris, or Samuel F. Murray, eq., Bowling Green, 'kic county, Mo., will be promptly attended to.

WM. A. HARRIS.

HENRY & CAMPBELL. Bankers, LAND, COLLECTING, AND INSURANCE AGENTS, Sioux City, Iowa,

Enter lands with land warrants or cash, or on time, and loan money t western rates, pay taxes, and furnish abstract to titles. Sep 25—d&awly

THOMAS R. SUTER, LUKE LEA, LUTHER R. SMOOT. TON CITY. S MOOT, RUSSELL, & CO., Bankers, Leavenworth City, K. T., dealers in exchange, uncurrent bank notes, and land warrants. Agents for the purchase and sale of lands and city lots, and all business appertaining to a first class land agency.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and

LUTHER R. SMOOT, WM. H. RUSSELL, (Of Majors, Russell, & Co.,) THOMAS R. SUTER, LUKE LEA,

Corner Main and Shawnee streets, opposite Planters' Hotel, Ap 18—dacpam Leavenworth City, K. T. COOKING RANGES.

HAVE this day received at the Metropolitan Stove, Grate, Hot-air Fornace, and Cooking Range Factory a few of the Spence elevated oven hot-air cooking ranges. They will do all the cooking, washing, ironing, &c., and heat the parlor and chambers above, with one small coal fire.

Also, the best and latest improved parlor fire-places, which also heat the rooms above like the range.

I invite all those in want of the above to call at my dwelling, No. 443, 11th street, between G and H, where you can see them both in full operation and examine for yournelves. They are certainly the best cooking range and furuace ever before offered in this market. There were put up in Baltimore last fall over 150 of the ranges, all of which have given perfect satisfaction, and I can produce references to that effect. I am the sole agent for the above for this city.

Flease call at the Metropolitan Stove and Grate Factory, Nos. 318 and 322, where you can purchase a good and cheap stove, range, or furnace, and also furnish your house from the kitchen to the attle with all kinds of house furnishing articles cheap for cash.

THE Rev. Wm. Pinkney, D. D., having accepted the call of the vestry of the Church of the Ascension, will enter upon the duties of his rectorship on Sunday, October 11.

Persons desiring pews in the church will please apply to C. F. HUKLBURT,

Register of Ascension Church,

Room No. 11, west wing Patent Office.

Keller and McKenney, Bankers,

HAVE removed their office to the northeast con ner of Louisiana avenue and Seventh street, where they we continue to attend to the bank note exchange and collection, and a